UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

May 10, 2024 Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported)

ARS Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)

001-39756 (Commission File Number)

81-1489190 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

11682 El Camino Real, Suite 120 San Diego, California (Address of principal executive offices)

92130 (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (858) 771-9307

Not Applicable (Former name or former address, if changed since last report.)

	k the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is in wing provisions:	ntended to simultaneously satisfy the filing of	obligations of the registrant under any of the				
	Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)						
	Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)						
	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))						
	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))						
Secui	rities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:						
	Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered				
Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value per share		SPRY	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC				

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§ 230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§ 240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company \boxtimes

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. \Box

tem 7.01. Regulation FD Disclosure.

On May 10, 2024, ARS Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (the "Company") updated its corporate presentation for use in meetings with investors, analysts and others. The presentation is available through the Company's website and a copy is attached as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K and incorporated by reference herein.

The information under this Item 7.01 of this Current Report on 8-K, including Exhibit 99.1, is furnished and shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section or Sections 11 and 12(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The information shall not be deemed incorporated by reference into any other filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission made by the Company, whether made before or after today's date, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific references in such filing.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits

Exhibit No. Description

99.1 <u>Company Presentation</u>

104 Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document).

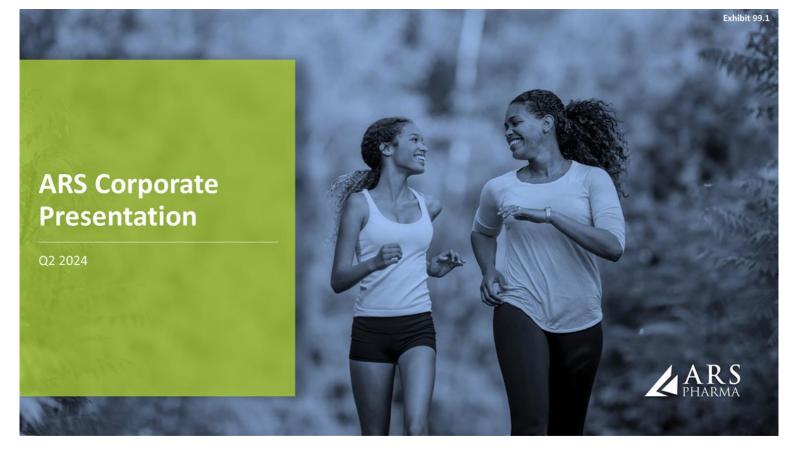
SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Date: May 10, 2024

ARS Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

By: /s/ Richard Lowenthal, M.S., MSEL
Name: Richard Lowenthal, M.S., MSEL
Title: President and Chief Executive Officer



Forward Looking Statements

Statements in this presentation that are not purely historical in nature are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements in this presentation include, without limitation, statements regarding; the anticipated timing for regulatory review decisions on the neffy NDA and MAA; ARS Pharma's belief that neffy will be approved for the treatment of Type I allergic reactions; the timing for the potential U.S. launch of neffy, if approved; the potential market, demand and expansion opportunities for neffy; ARS Pharma's expected competitive position; whether the results will be sufficient to demonstrate that neffy is at least as effective as injectable epinephrine; the timelines for potential regulatory filings, approvals and commercialization of neffy in ex-US regions; ARS Pharma's marketing and commercialization strategies, including potential partnerships in foreign jurisdictions; potential benefits of neffy, if approved, including the likelihood that doctors will prescribe neffy and that allergy patients and caregivers will choose to carry and dose neffy compared to needle-bearing options; the expectation of neffy attaining coverage, including without restriction for 80% of commercial lives within a year of launch; ARS Pharma's anticipated cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments on hand upon any future approval and launch of neffy; the expected size, composition and reach of ARS Pharma's sales force; the availability and functionality of neffyExperience and neffyConnect; the anticipated pricing and co-pay buydown; the anticipated timing and costs of future studies and commercialization efforts, and their impact on operating runway; ARS Pharma's projected operating runway; expected intellectual property protection; and any statements of assumptions underlying any of the foregoing. These forward-looking statements are subject to the safe harbor provisions under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Because such statements are subject to risks and uncertainties, actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Words such as "anticipate," "could," "demonstrate," "expect," "indicate," "may," "plan," "potential," "will" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are based upon ARS Pharma's current expectations and involve assumptions that may never materialize or may prove to be incorrect. Actual results and the timing of events could differ materially from those anticipated in such forward-looking statements as a result of various risks and uncertainties, which include, without limitation: the PDUFA target action date may be further delayed due to various factors outside ARS Pharma's control; the ability to obtain and maintain regulatory approval for neffy; the results of the new clinical trial may not support the approval of neffy; results from clinical trials may not be indicative of results that may be observed in the future; potential safety and other complications from neffy; the labelling for neffy, if approved; the scope, progress and expansion of developing and commercializing neffy; potential for payers to delay, limit, or deny coverage for neffy; the size and growth of the market therefor and the rate and degree of market acceptance thereof vis-à-vis intramuscular injectable products; ARS Pharma's ability to protect its intellectual property position; uncertainties related to capital requirements; and the impact of government laws and regulations. Additional risks and uncertainties that could cause actual outcomes and results to differ materially from those contemplated by the forward-looking statements are included under the caption "Risk Factors" in ARS Pharma's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2024, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on May 9, 2024. This and other documents ARS Pharma files with the SEC can also be accessed on ARS Pharma's website at ir.ars-pharma.com by clicking on the link "Financials & Filings" under the "Investors & Media" tab.

The forward-looking statements included in this presentation are made only as of the date hereof. ARS Pharma assumes no obligation and does not intend to update these forward-looking statements, except as required by law.



Potential to Transform the Treatment of Type I Allergic Reactions

- neffy[®]: first potential "no needle, no injection" solution for Type I allergic reactions to address an unmet market need
- Registration program demonstrates comparable PK and PD, without risk of needle-related safety concerns, fear and hesitation
- Rapid and statistically significant response on PD surrogates for efficacy (SBP, HR) observed even 1 minute after dosing with neffy vs. injection
- Significant opportunity to disrupt current epinephrine injectables market
- Response to CRL including positive data submitted April 2, 2024 up to 6 months FDA review; CHMP opinion in Europe by June 2024
- Potential multi-billion-dollar market driven by HCP and consumer preference and adoption
- NCE-like IP exclusivity potential until at least 2038
- \$223.6 million in cash and short-term investments as of 3/31/2023 with an anticipated >\$200 million at anticipated FDA approval in H2 2024



Anaphylaxis is Accompanied by Many Frequent Symptoms

Common Anaphylaxis Symptoms Include:

>85% urticaria (hives, erythema) or angioedema (swelling of the face, lips, tongue or larynx)

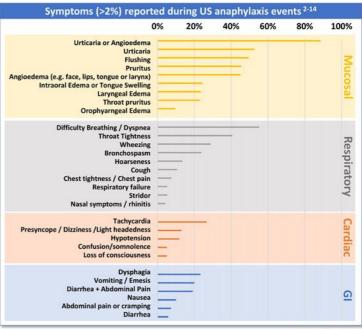
>55% difficult breathing

>40% gastrointestinal (eg, vomiting, nausea)













Epinephrine: The First Line of Defense Against Anaphylaxis

Patients with Type 1 Severe Allergic Reactions are prescribed epinephrine to use at symptom onset

- Used for over 100 years
- Well-known mechanism of action, and only drug known to reverse a systemic allergic reaction
- · Well-established efficacy and safety profile

Products approved based on pharmacologic properties, not clinical efficacy studies

- All approved products demonstrate efficacy (90% response on a single dose) despite different pharmacokinetic (PK) properties
- · Clinical studies are considered unethical/unfeasible

All approved products are needle-based

High unmet need for needle-free, easy-to-carry epinephrine remains







Unmet Need / Current Challenges Vast Majority of Type I Allergy Patients Face Significant Limitations with Current Treatment Options

PROBLEM:

ONLY 10% - 20% of patients with active Rx use as indicated⁷



NO TREATMENT AVAILABLE



DELAY IN
TREATMENT

USER ERROR
IN TREATMENT

~50% of patients carry¹ (<20% carry two)

~25% - 60% do not administer 1,3 5, 6

~40% - 60% of patients delay²

23% - 35% fail to dose correctly⁴

SOLUTION: neffy



SMALL

- Fits in your pocket; easy to carry the recommended 2 devices
- ~10% of cases require repeat doses of epinephrine¹

NO NEEDLE NO INJECTION

- Rapid administration without a needle
- No risk of needle-related injuries; lacerations² or cardiotoxic blood vessel injections
- Less hesitation to dose

EASIER AND MORE CONSISTENT DOSING

- 100% of untrained adults and children can dose neffy successfully⁷
- High bioavailability, low 2 mg dose of neffy achieves comparable PK without overexposure risk including any side effects that mimic anaphylaxis

RELIABLE

- 99.999% delivery of effective dose in reliability testing; not obstructed by any anaphylaxis symptoms; no inhalation required
- 24-month shelf-life at room temperature, with up to 3 months at high temperatures (122°F)

References: 1. Warren CM, et al. Ann Allergy Asthma immunol. 2018. 2. Rooney E, et al. Poster Presentation at ACA41 2022 (Louisville, RY). 3. Brooks C, et al. Ann Allergy Asthma immunol. 2017. 4. El Turki A, et al. Emerg Med J. 2017. 5. Asthma and Allergy Foundation of American Patient Survey Report 2019. 6. Mehta GD, et al. Expert Rev Clin Immunol. 2023. 7. ARS company estimates based on IQVIA data and references 1 through 6. 4. Data on file from neffy human factors studies.



neffy Designed for Ease of Use and Easy Carry

For epinephrine to be effective, patients must:



Case holds **two** neffy 2mg devices

- neffy has a simple place and press administration (no hold time)
- 100% of adults and children able to use neffy successfully without any training

Relative Size of *neffy* two pack Compared to iPhone 15 and EpiPen





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Development Program Centers on Pharmacology Studies

- · Efficacy studies not ethical / feasible in severe Type I allergy patients
- **neffy** clinical studies developed in agreement with FDA and EMA to allow reference to historic efficacy and safety data of epinephrine injection
 - Bracketed pharmacokinetic (PK) exposures
 - · Comparable pharmacodynamic (PD) responses
- > 1,200 administrations of *neffy* in > 700 subjects

Primary Studies (2 mg dose)	Patient Population
EPI 15	Adult: Healthy volunteer (HCP administration) – single and repeat dosing
EPI 16	Adult: Type 1 allergy patients (NAC induced rhinitis) – single dosing
EPI 17	Adult: Type 1 allergy patients (self-administration) – single dosing
EPI 18	Adult: Type 1 allergy patients (NAC induced rhinitis) – repeat dosing
EPI 10	Pediatric: Type 1 allergy patients: ≥ 30kg (NDA), 15 ≤ 30kg (sNDA) – single dosing





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Registrational studies demonstrate comparability on both PD surrogates for efficacy and PK with *neffy*

III. PD and PK Data

- · 2 mg neffy met all clinical endpoints
- PD surrogates for efficacy comparable to approved products (SBP/HR ≥ approved injection products)
- Rapid and significant response on PD surrogates for efficacy observed even 1 minute after dosing
- PK bracketed by approved products (exposures
 ≥ IM/SC for efficacy, < EpiPen for safety)
- Repeat doses (including during rhinitis) within range of approved injection products

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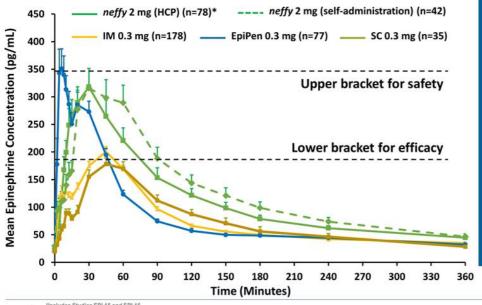
Safety Data

- Adverse events generally mild in nature with no meaningful nasal irritation or pain up to 4 mg dose
- Most common adverse events (>5%) were mild nasal discomfort (9.7%) and mild headache (6%), with no correlation of nasal discomfort to pain or irritation
 - Mean VAS pain scores between 5 to 8 out of 100
 - · No irritation based on formal assessment
- No serious adverse events in any clinical study
- No risk of needle-related injuries or blood vessel injections with neffy

Response to FDA submitted on April 2, 2024 followed by up to 6-month FDA review



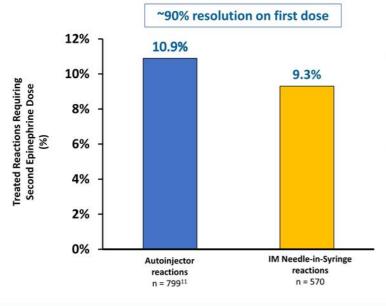
Pharmacokinetic Results from neffy 2 mg Studies Satisfies **Bracketing Approach agreed with by FDA**



- FDA focused on PK properties to ensure efficacious and safe epinephrine exposures within range of approved products ("Bracketing")
- Minimum exposure must be ≥ IM/SC (efficacy)
- Maximum exposures must be < EpiPen (safety)
- · No difference in efficacy between all injection products
- · 90% response to single dose irrespective of device



Second Dose Frequency Demonstrates Similar Efficacy Between IM and Autoinjectors (the only FDA approved products today)



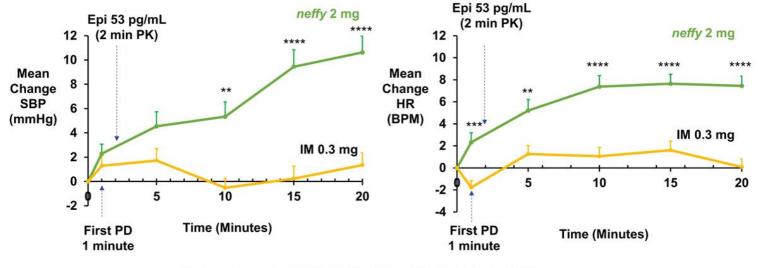
- Analysis of 12 studies with 100% autoinjector (≥ 80% EpiPen) or 100% IM-needle-and-syringe use in community or ED setting¹⁻¹¹
- Differences in PK profile across products do not impact efficacy based on need for repeat dosing to resolve symptoms



Robust response on PD surrogate markers for efficacy shows engagement of receptors that reverse anaphylaxis symptoms

Systolic Blood Pressure Response

Heart Rate Response

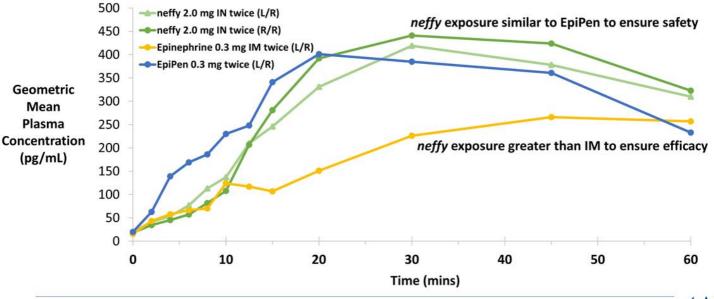


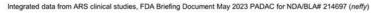
Significance level: ** p <0.01, *** p <0.001 **** p <0.0001



Exposures of repeat doses of *neffy* in healthy subjects are also in the range of FDA approved epinephrine injection products

Repeat-dosing (10 min apart) results in healthy subjects









PK/PD profile and ability to dose may be influenced by anaphylaxis itself, so FDA asked ARS to evaluate rhinitis in clinical studies

Potential effect on <u>ability to dose or absorption profile</u> by theoretical route of administration for epinephrine

- Intranasal formulation least impacted by anaphylaxis symptoms compared to alternate noninjectable routes
- Nasal symptoms or rhinitis only impact only 4% of cases (analysis of 4,805 US anaphylaxis events)¹⁻¹²
- ARS successfully evaluated patients with rhinitis in response to FDA CRL, which responded positively to single and repeat doses of neffy

Anaphylaxis Symptom	US %	Intranasal	Sublingual	Oral*	Inhalation*
Nasal symptoms or rhinitis	4%	х			×
Oropharyngeal edema	10%		х	X	X
Vomiting / Emesis	20%		х	X	×
Dysphagia	23%			X	×
Laryngeal Edema	24%			Х	Х
Bronchospasm	24%				X
Intraoral Edema or Tongue Swelling	24%		х	Х	Χ
Angioedema (e.g. face, lips, tongue or larynx)	45%		х	Х	Χ
Difficulty Breathing / Dyspnea	55%				X

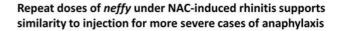
insufficient oral and inhalation systemic absorption due to rapid conjugation and oxidation in GI tract or difficulty taking in enough puffs¹⁴

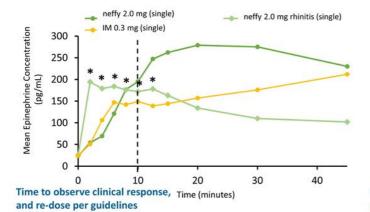


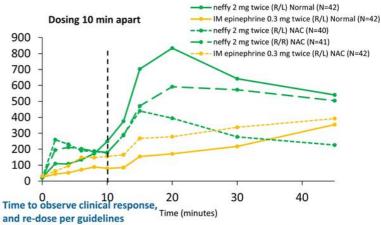
References: 1, Pistiner M, et al. J Alliergy Clin Immunol Pract. 2011. 2, Jaili M, et al. Abstract at AAAI 2020 Virtual Meeting. 3. Gonzelez-Estrada A, et al. Ann Alliergy Asthma Immunol. 2018. 4, Lee S, et al. J Alliergy Clin Immunol. 2017. 5. Lee S, et al. J Alliergy Clin Immunol. 2016. 4, Lee S, et al. Jailiergy Clin Immunol. 2018. 4, Lee S, et al. Jailiergy Clin Immunol. 2017. 5. Lee S, et al. Jailiergy Clin Immunol. 2018. 4, Lee S, et al. Pharmacoepidemicl Drug Saf 2013. 9. Decker WW, et al. Jailiergy Clin Immunol. 2014. 8, Watsh KE, et al. Pharmacoepidemicl Drug Saf 2013. 9. Decker WW, et al. Jailiergy Clin Immunol. 2014. 8, Watsh KE, et al. Pharmacoepidemicl Drug Saf 2013. 9. Decker WW, et al. Jailiergy Clin Immunol. 2014. 8, Watsh KE, et al. Pharmacoepidemicl Drug Saf 2013. 9. Decker WW, et al. Jailiergy Clin Immunol. 2014. 8, Watsh KE, et al. Pharmacoepidemicl Drug Saf 2013. 9. Decker WW, et al. Jailiergy Clin Immunol. 2016. 4, et al. Pharmacoepidemicl Drug Saf 2013. 9. Decker WW, et al. Jailiergy Clin Immunol. 2014. 8, Watsh KE, et al. Pharmacoepidemicl Drug Saf 2013. 9. Decker WW, et al. Jailiergy Clin Immunol. 2014. 8, Watsh KE, et al. Pharmacoepidemicl Drug Saf 2013. 9. Decker WW, et al. Jailiergy Clin Immunol. 2014. 8, Watsh KE, et al. Pharmacoepidemicl Drug Saf 2013. 9. Decker WW, et al. Jailiergy Clin Immunol. 2014. 8, Watsh KE, et al. Pharmacoepidemicl Drug Saf 2013. 9. Decker WW, et al. Jailiergy Clin Immunol. 2014. 8, Watsh KE, et al. Pharmacoepidemicl Drug Saf 2013. 9. Decker WW, et al. Jailiergy Clin Immunol. 2014. 8, Watsh KE, et al. Pharmacoepidemicl Drug Saf 2013. 9. Decker WW, et al. Jailiergy Clin Immunol. 2014. 8, Watsh KE, et al. Pharmacoepidemicl Drug Saf 2013. 9. Decker WW, et al. Jailiergy Clin Immunol. 2014. 8, Watsh KE, et al. Pharmacoepidemicl Drug Saf 2013. 9. Decker WW, et al. Jailiergy Astronomy Clin Immunol. 2014. 9, Watsh KE, et al. Pharmacoepidemicl Drug Saf 2013. 9, Decker WW, et al. Jailiergy Astronomy Clin Immunol. 2014. 9, Watsh KE, et al. Pharmacoepidemicl Drug Saf 2

Experimental Nasal Allergen Challenge (NAC)-Induced Rhinitis Does Not Negatively Impact *neffy*'s PK Profile (allergic rhinitis subjects)

NAC-induced rhinitis accelerates absorption of single dose *neffy*, but within the range of injection







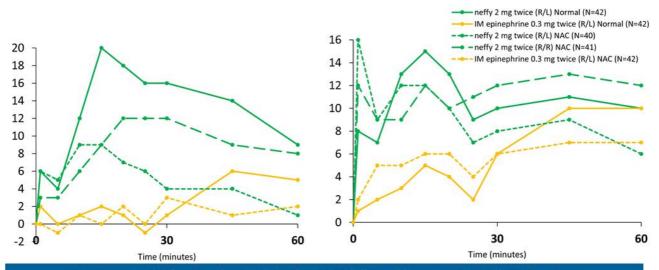
FDA Advisory Committee viewed single dose *neffy* NAC data as "encouraging" and "favorable", but FDA's CRL requested, and ARS successfully completed repeat dose *neffy* NAC study



Experimental NAC-Induced Rhinitis Does Not Negatively Impact *neffy*'s PD Profile (Repeat Doses 10 min Apart)



Mean Change in Heart Rate (bpm)



Response to FDA's CRL submitted April 2, 2024 followed by up to 6-month FDA review



neffy on track for potential US launch in H2 2024 with market exclusivity potential until at least 2038

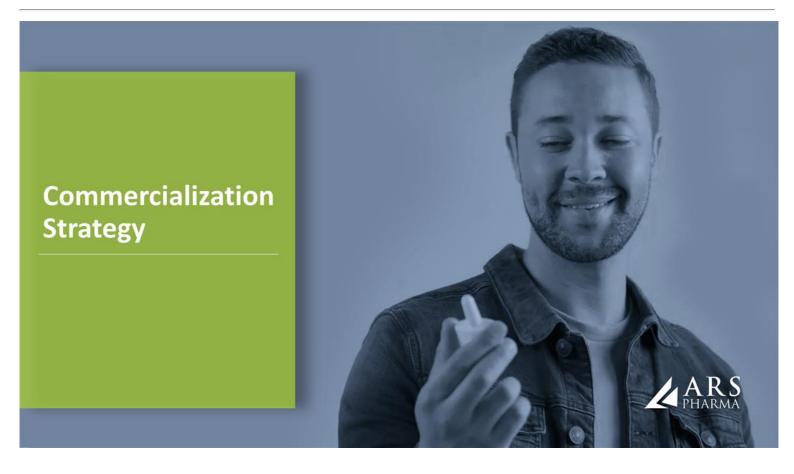
Extensive studies in the lab and clinic completed to develop a proprietary product with expected NCElike exclusivity

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- ✓ Issued composition of matter patent (US10,576,156) on Intravail® + epinephrine provides foundational exclusivity blocking any generic products. Method of treatment patents (US11,173,209; US11,191,838) block other alkyl glycosides.
- Issued method of treatment patent (US10,682,414, US11,744,895, US11,717,571, US11,191,655) also blocks intranasal epinephrine product using a different technology using a low dose (<4 mg)</p>
- PCT patent granted in Europe (EP19751807), UK (GB2583051), Japan (JP6941224), Canada (3088909), Australia (AUS2019217643), Korea (10-2375232), China (2019800010042), with same claims as the US









Significant Opportunity to Address Unmet Needs in Current US Severe Allergic Reaction Market



Epidemiology prevalence data estimates ~40M patients with type 1 allergic reactions²⁻¹⁰



Consistent Market Growth (Units)

+6.5% CAGR since 2010, +12.7% YoY in 20231



~20M diagnosed and under physician care over the last 3 years¹¹



Promotional Responsiveness

~50% increase over market growth trend with consumer promotion (2010 to 2015¹)



~3.2M patients filled Rx in 2023, but ~80-90% do not use as indicated¹¹

(1) do not carry (~50%), (2) do not inject (25-60%), (3) wait to inject (40-60%) or (4) dose incorrectly (23-35%)

~\$1 billion net today based on generic autoinjector pricing1



References: 1, Based on IOVIA prescription data (~5.2 million two-packs sold in 2023) and weighted average generic/branded epinephrine auto-injector net pricing. 2. Gupta RS, et al. Pediatrics 20. 5. McGowan EC, et al. / Disn's Albergy Immunol. 2013. 3, Jackson KD, et al. KPHS Data Brief. 2013. 7. Black LI, et al. CDC National Center for Health Statistics Data Brief. 2019. 8. Gupta RS, et al. JAMAN Netw Open. 2019. 9, Vernil L., al. Albergy Immunol. 2010. 8. Black BM, et al. Current Opin Albergy Clin Immunol. 2008. 11. IOVIA Claims Data; 2009.



neffy has the ability to address the unmet need and is aligned with what healthcare providers, patients and parents want¹





88%

OF PATIENTS LIKELY TO VERY LIKELY TO ASK THEIR PHYSICIAN ABOUT neffy Rx¹



OF NON-FILLING PATIENTS STATED THEY WOULD ASK THEIR PHYSICIAN ABOUT neffy RX¹





72%
OF THE TIME,
PEOPLE WHO
USE AN OTC WOULD
USE neffy FIRST²

81%
OF PEOPLE
WOULD USE neffy
SOONER THAN CURRENT
NEEDLE INJECTORS³

20 References: 1. ARS market research on file. 2. Lowenthal R, et al. Presentation at AAAAI 2023 (San Antonio, Texas). 3. Kaplan H, et al. Presentation at ACAAI 2022 (Louisville, Kentu





Physicians supportive of adopting neffy into practice



References: 1. ARS market research on file.



8.5 out of 10 rating¹

viewed as a major advance in therapy

10 = MAJOR ADVANCE / 1 = NOT AN ADVANCE AT ALL

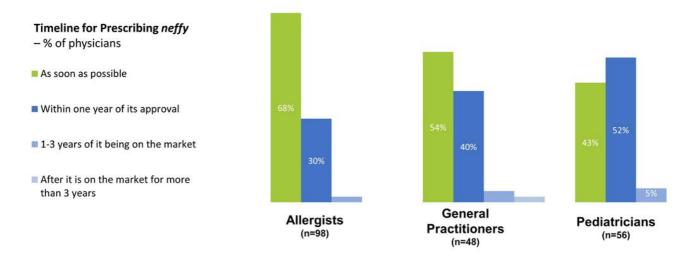
99%

n = 185 Physicians Would prescribe *neffy* if their patients asked for it¹





Two-Thirds of Allergists and Half of GPs Ready to Prescribe neffy as Soon as Possible; Majority of Pediatricians Expected to Prescribe within One Year



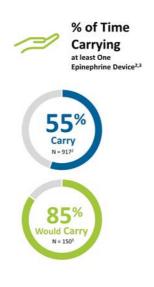


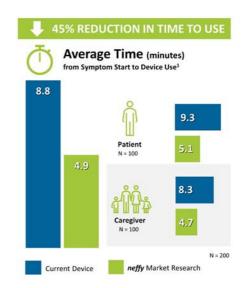


neffy: Innovative Treatment to Overcome Known Challenges with Needle-Injectors for SAR Patients

Benefits of needle-free alternative to address major unmet needs

- More allergy patients and caregivers are likely to carry neffy compared to current needle-bearing options
- Patients are likely to dose neffy more rapidly with a needle-free device





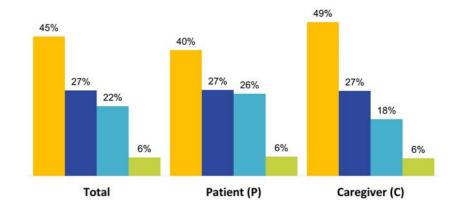




~ 72% of Respondents would Make a Special Appointment to Discuss *neffy* with their HCP

Action Taken to Discuss neffy with HCP

- Make a special in-person appointment to discuss neffy
- Make a special telehealth appointment to discuss neffy
- Wait until my next regular appointment to discuss neffy
- Wait to see if my doctor wanted to discuss neffy with me



Respondents who may ask their HCP about *neffy*, Aug-23: Total (n=476), Patient (n=244), Caregiver (n=232) % of respondents



neffy Strategic Objectives





EDUCATE PRESCRIBERS

Drive adoption within specialty and high decile prescribers on the compelling value-proposition of *neffy*



FACILITATE ACCESS

neffy access, affordability and support services



ACTIVATE PATIENTS

Create awareness and motivate patients and caregivers to seek *neffy*





Drive Adoption within Specialty and High Decile Prescribers

Healthcare Provider Launch Objectives

- Commercial force of 110 Sales and Virtual Representatives and Area Sales Managers
- Education, awareness, and resources to drive adoption (neffy Experience)
- Calling on 12,500 Allergy Specialists and High Decile Prescribers
 - Reaching 40-45% of Prescriptions from all HCPs -> 55% of Prescriptions including colocated HCPs (~50,000 HCPs)
 - Reaching >80% of Prescriptions from Allergists and Pediatricians







neffy Shows Robust and Rapid Clinical Resolution of Oral Food Challenge Anaphylaxis Symptoms

Efficacy Study of *neffy* in Oral Food Challenge Induced Anaphylaxis (EPI-JP-03)¹

Study Design: single arm, open-label study

Participants: 15 pediatric subjects (aged 6 to 17):

- 9 subjects (30 kg+)
- 6 subjects (15-30 kg)

Patients experiencing Grade 2 (moderate) or higher anaphylaxis symptoms (out of 3 grade scale)³ following oral food challenge dosed with a single dose of either 2 mg or 1 mg *neffy*:

- Mucosal: generalized urticaria/exanthema/wheal pruritus, swollen face, throat pain
- > GI: moderate abdominal pain, recurrent emesis/diarrhea,
- Respiratory: repetitive cough, chest tightness/wheezing detectable via auscultation
- Circulatory: pale face/mild hypotension/tachycardia (>15 beats/min), light-headedness/feeling of "pending doom"/somnolence/headache

Study Outcomes



100% of patients responded to a single dose of *neffy* in the first 15 minutes, and did not require a second dose of epinephrine per treatment guidelines

100% of patients experienced complete resolution of the anaphylaxis symptoms with single dose of *neffy*²

16 min median time to complete resolution of anaphylaxis following single dose of *neffy*



References: 1. Ebisawa M, et al. Presentation at AAAAI 2024 (Washington DC), 2. 100% of EPI-IP-03 patients dosed with neffly did not require a second dose in the first 15 minutes per guidelines because a response was not being observed, and 100% of patients achieved compiler resolution of symptoms. 1 of the 16 subjects (6.7%) challenged the geoperienced a biphasic reaction 24.45 min after being dosed with a single dose of neffly and achieving compiler resolution of symptoms. This is consistent with the 12.8% frequency of biphasic reactions reported in children with food-induced anaphylaxis (Gupta RS, et al. J Allergy Clin Immunol Pract. 2021).



Committed to ensuring neffy access for all patients

Key findings from discussions with the major payers and PBMs:

- High degree of interest in *neffy and* positive receptivity in early conversations; proactively requesting clinical presentations prior to approval
- Epinephrine is covered as a pharmacy benefit, and we expect to achieve coverage without restriction for 80% of commercial lives within a year of launch
- ARS is committed to access and affordability we will offer a co-pay buydown to \$25 for commercial patients, a cash price of \$199, and a Patient Assistance Program for uninsured or underinsured
- neffyconnect will assist in managing coverage by providing patients, caregivers and healthcare providers with information regarding support programs and financial aid

"If this is priced properly, this could be a 'state-of-the-art therapy' for patients."

— PBM "This is a game-changer; it really addresses the unmet needs we currently have in this space, specifically the safety and tolerability issues."

- Payer

"There is no value in delaying access to a product like this and nothing to prior authorize (PA). We can't PA if the patient needs it."

- PBM





Create Awareness & Motivate Patients and Caregivers to Request *neffy*

Consumer Launch Objectives

- Drive awareness & motivate patients and caregivers to request *neffy* by name
- Enable patients and caregivers to feel fully prepared to act during a potential crisis moment
- Activate patients and caregivers to share their *neffy* story to encourage peer uptake





Intranasal Analog Comparison: Seizure Rescue Market Valtoco and Nayzilam Share Growth









US Epinephrine Market Evolution Due to the Availability of neffy Supports Significant Revenue Opportunity¹

Millions of epinephrine 2-pack devices sold in US



- ~\$1B+ net sales US market based on generic epinephrine pricing in 2023³
 (~5M 2-packs, ~3.2M active patients)
- 2 Natural population growth (~0.6% YoY growth)
- 3 Conversion of some lapsed Rx patients
- 4 Conversion of some never filled Rx patients
- Conversion of some never Rx'ed patients
- Growth in diagnosed population due to branding, marketing and DTC
- Increased Rx/year (improved persistency)
- Increased devices/Rx (patient demand for neffy)

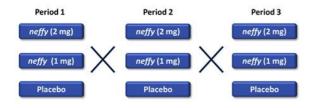


neffy Shows Robust and Rapid Clinical Responses in Treatment-Resistant Urticaria; Phase 2 outpatient study to initiate in 2024

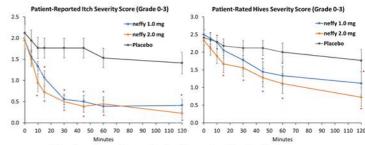
Randomized, Placebo-Controlled Efficacy Data in Treatment Refractory Chronic Urticaria (EPI-U01)¹

Study Design

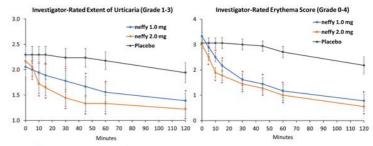
randomized, placebo-controlled crossover trial study



- 18 chronic urticaria subjects who experience flares at least two times a week while on chronic treatment (antihistamines +/- Xolair)
- Patients come to clinic when experiencing a flare and are treated with 2 mg, 1 mg or placebo



* p<0.05 based on pair t-test of 1 mg vs. placebo and 2 mg vs. placebo (n = 17 subjects)



* p<0.05 based on pair t-test of 1 mg vs. placebo and 2 mg vs. placebo (n = 17 subjects)



Significant Ex-US opportunity for *neffy*

<10% TYPE I ALLERGY MARKET PENETRATION (LESS THAN HALF OF US ADOPTION RATES)

Canada EAI Market: ~\$67M TODAY





Multiple Attributes Contribute to *neffy*'s Potential Best-in-Class Epinephrine Product Profile



Does it work?

- PK/PD response shows onset within 1 minute after dosing
- Rapid efficacy profile in OFC anaphylaxis (100% response rate in first 15 min), as well as treatment-resistant urticaria
- Predictable dose-proportional PK/PD profile within range of approved injection products even under realworld co-morbidities (e.g. rhinitis)
- Only anaphylaxis symptom that may alter PK/dosing is rhinitis, and for neffy, no negative impact on PK/PD
- 99.999% reliable sprayer device tens of millions of units sold annually in US



Is it safe?

- Benign safety profile mild nasal discomfort (9.7%) and mild headache (6%)
- No risk of injury (no needle) and minimal risk of overdose even with population variability (high bioavailability, low dose)
- No side effects (GI, vomiting, erythema) that could confound clinical monitoring and treatment



Will patients use it?

- Benign safety profile mild nasal discomfort and headache
- Palatable no meaningful pain/irritation, no taste/smell
- ➤ Small fits in pocket
- ➤ Easy to use 100% of adults and children can use without training (even passerby's); ability to dose not obstructed by anaphylaxis symptoms

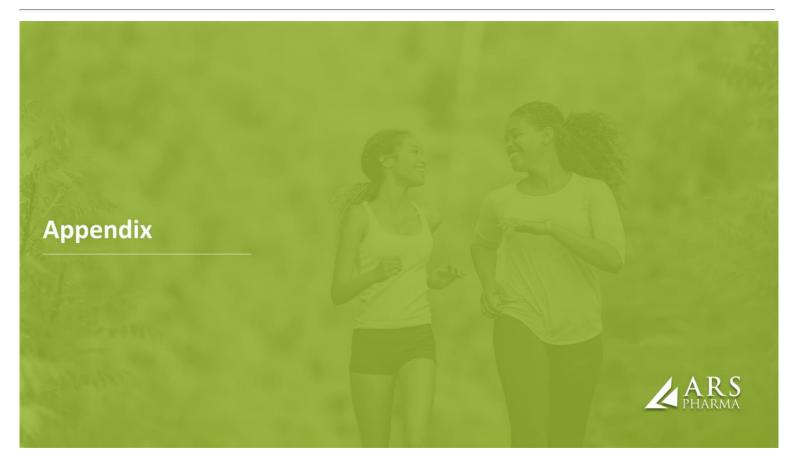


neffy: the first needle-free way to administer epinephrine



AVOIDS ALL NEEDLE-RELATED ADVERSE EVENTS





EPI-18 Repeat Dose NAC Study Design

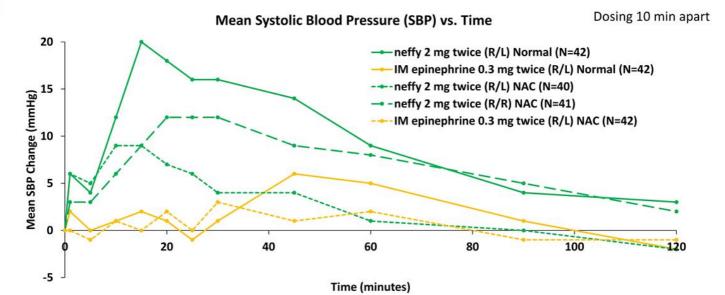
- Rationale: Study designed together with FDA to generate data on *neffy's* PK/PD profile if NAC-like conditions occurred during the 10% of anaphylaxis events that require a second dose
- Comparator: FDA explicitly requested ARS include 0.3 mg intramuscular (IM) injection via manual syringe as the reference, and not an autoinjector, as IM is the basis for efficacy of all products
- Treatments: repeat doses of 2 mg neffy (normal R/L, NAC R/L opposite nostril, NAC R/R same nostril), repeat doses of 0.3 mg IM injection (rhinitis and normal)
- Population: 43 patients with seasonal allergic rhinitis who test positive with a Total Nasal Symptom Score (TNSS) of ≥5 out of 12 and a congestion score of ≥2 out of 3 during the screening NAC

Repeat Dose NAC PK/PD Methodology (5 treatment periods, randomized, crossover)

t = -15 min	t = 0	t = 10 min	t = 240 min		
Spray antigen directly onto	tly onto dose within 15 min mucosa of NAC induction	2 nd epinephrine dose given 10 min	PD response (SBP, HR) measured from baseline to 120 min		
nasal mucosa to induce NAC		after 1 st dose per FDA labeling	PK (plasma epinephrine) measured from baseline to 240 min		

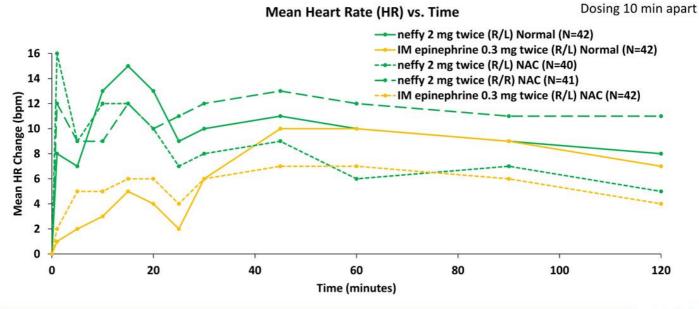


PD response (SBP) with repeat doses of *neffy* with or without NAC greater or similar to repeat doses of injection



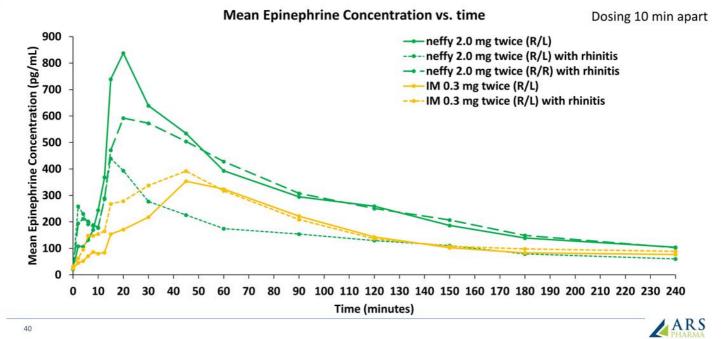


PD response (HR) with repeat doses of *neffy* with or without NAC greater or similar to repeat doses of injection





Exposures with repeat doses of neffy with or without NAC greater or similar to repeat doses of injection



40

Exposures with repeat doses of *neffy* with or without NAC greater or similar to repeat doses of injection (first 60 min)

